Their Old Campaigns.

The Affair of Charles City Cross-Roads.

To the Editor NATIONAL TRIBUNE: I notice in your Chronological table of the war, under date of November 16, 1863, mention of the "Skirmish at Charles City Cross-roads, Va., by cavalry expedition, commanded by Colonel West," and, at the risk of inducing in the minds of your army of readers the belief that the tongues of the 1st New York mounted rifles are longer than their sabers, and that their pens now work as industriously as their Spencer carbines did twenty years ago, I venture to say that the skirmish alluded to was quite a brisk affair, resulting in the complete surprise and capture of the 42d battalion of Virginia cavalry. Will some of the boys who participated write an account of the fight; relate who knocked Colonel West and his horse into the ditch, and who battered down the door of the hotel where the 42d was quartered? The 139th New York volunteers, Colonel Roberts commanding, are also fully entitled to the praise bestowed upon them in the following congratulatory order, the original of which, signed by Coionel West himself, is in my possession. Please notice the dates:

HEADQ'RS, FORT MAGRUDER, VA., December 15, 1863, General Orders, No. 59. The commanding officer takes great pleasure in communicating to his comrades-in-arms the follow-

ing telegrams he has received, referring to their recent glorious achievement; To Col. Wast, commanding at Fort Magruder: You will publish to your command, at the first opportunity, my thanks for their gallant actions unflinching endurance of the past few days.

and also the following telegram, just received from Major-General Butier. I have requested a gratuit-ous issue of aloes to those men of the 129th New York infantry who, you say, marched themselves barefooted on that splendid march.
(Signed.) J. J. WISTAR, Brig.-Gen. Com'd'g. FORTROS Maynor Dec. 14th, 1863. To Brigadier-General WISTAE:

Your telegram announcing the complete success of the expedition to Charles City Court-House is received. Give your troops the besi thanks of the commanding general for endurance under fatigue and their promptness of action and their bravery in the charge. Thank Colonei West personally for me, this action bringing him up to the standard of his reputation. I will announce my approbation (Signed.) Buss. F. BUTLER, Maj.-Gen. Com'd'g.

The faithful perseverance of the troops whilst performing their weary murch during the drenching storm and dark night which preceded the surprise of the enemy, the dauntless valor of the mounted refemen in their charge over that road, made frighting by the recent rain, straight into the midst of the enemy's camp, and their patient endurance, under severe hardships in guarding the captures safely home, are subjects to which the colonel commanding will never cease to refer with other than feelings of grateful pride and joy.
Individual cases of bravery will be faithfully re-

The commanding officer feels personally indebted to Colonel Ouderdonk and the men comprising his column for their promptness in attacking and cap-turing the camp of the enemy north of the creek, where nearly all the fighting was done; to Major Wheelan and the troops of his column for the dash and vim they exhibited in capturing the enemy's pickets at the river and the alacrity with which they pounced upon the enemy in his camp and e them surrender almost without the privilege of firing a shot; to the gentlemen who acted on his staff for the occasion, and to whom is due all the harmony which attended the operations of the expedition. And instly, but not least, to Colonel Roberts and his brave officers and men of the 133th New York volunteers, for their faith in entering upon a long and perilous march through a country unknown to themselves; their promptness, notwithstanding the storm, in arriving at the rendezyous at the appointed hour, and their unwavering the memorable night and day which followed the surprise and capture of the 42d battalion of Virginia cavalry by a part of the 1st New York mounted riflemen on the 13th day of December, 1863.

(Signed.) ROET, M. WEST, Col. Com'd'g. No flies on that! F. G. HASTINGS, Troop M, 1st N. Y. Mounted Rifles. NEW HAVEN, CONN.

The Unwritten History of the 9th Indiana.

To the Editor NATIONAL TRIBUNE: either through THE TRIBUNE or by letter. WEIMORE, KAN.

The Eighth Wisconsin's Eagle.

To the Editor NATIONAL TELEUNE: I see by your issue of October 25th that Geo. M. Keller, of Anthony, Kan., wants to hear from some member of the 8th Wisconsin regarding their famous eagle, "Old Abe." "Old Abe" was what naturalists would call, I think, a gray eagle, and measured about six feet from part of his breast. He had a fierce expression of countenance-if I may so speak-and a very piercing brownish-yellow eye. His perch was a shield-shaped board, somewhat similar to the shield on the five-cent nickel coin, painted with the stars and stripes. Raised about two inches above the shield was a round stick, shaped to resemble a bundle of arrows, about three inches in diameter and a foot or so in lenghth, on which he sat. The shield was about two feet long by one and a half broad, and lay nearly horizontal on the end of the staff by which it was carried. The length of the staff was about six feet. He was carried with the colors of the regiment, though they bad a stand of colorsstars and stripes -as well as a regimental banner of blue. I do not remember whether the banner of the 8th bore any inscription or not, but am of the impression that it did. The brigade were authorized by a special order to have inscribed on their hanners, "New Madrid, Island No. 10. Farmington, Iuka, Corinth, Jackson, Vickabury, Mechanicsburg, Fort De Russy, Henderson Hill, Pleasant Hill, Clouterville, Cane River, Memoura, Lake Chicot, Tupelo, Nashville, and Spanish Fort," in each of which engagements the brigade took a conspicuous part, though whether any or all of them were inscribed on the lanner of the 8th I cannot now recollect. The regiment had besides their cagle a white pointer dog wish red ears-a perfect beauty of a dog-very intelligent and the pet of the regiment as well as of the whole brigade. He kept close by the eagle-a kind of volunteer color guard, as it were. The sight of "Old Abe" used to cause very bitter feelings to our Southern friends, of which I shall speak more at length hereafter.

H. P. WALKEL, FORT DODGE, IA. Co. D. 47th Ill.

The Late Colonel E. C. Rise. To the Editor NATIONAL TRIBUNE: I notice a letter from Lieutenant-Colonel of the Potomac!

that he is the father of our beloved Colonel R. 2d Verment regiment, while in camp near What Our Veterans Have to Say About North Carolina; there he gave it to Adjutant J. A silence, ominous and deep, was on the hillside R. Thomas, of our regiment, and he gave it to me. I will send it to Lieutenant-Colouel W. Though on the top and at the foot were hosts of C. Kise if he will write me whether he desires it or not. And now, perhaps, it will not be out of place to relate an incident of the bravery of our Colonel R. C. Kise, which occurred at the battle of Wise's Ferks, North Carolina, on the 9th or 10th of March, 1864. Our brigade was ordered to climb the works and go for the enemy, which we did, but after being hotly engaged for some time, our Colonel (A.W. Prathe works, and ordered a retreat. The regiment began to fall back, when our color-bearer, Jas. Davis, not hearing the command, and thinking the regiment falling back without orders, yelled out at the top of his voice: "Why will ve desert the flag of yer country!" and refused to retreat. The Johnnies came pouring on, and tried to capture the colors, when Capitain B. F. Goe, of company F, ordered company F to rally to the colors, which they did. Lieutenant-Colonel R. C. Kise discovered the situation, and, with drawn sword, came running back into the thickest of the fight, and ordered company F to the works. This act of bravery on the part of Colonel Kise saved our colors and our scalps as well. Colonel R. C. Kise died a few years ago in Vincennes, Ind., where he was editing a paper. May he rest in peace, and may his boys never forget him. He was a very

> and the Union, and no braver man ever lived. JOSEPH EDMONDS, Sergt., Co. F, 120th Ind. Vols. EDWARDSVILLE, ILL.

> > The 96th Illinois at Chickamauga.

To the Editor NATIONAL TRIBUNE:

strict disciplinarian, but a friend to the boys

Your reply to L. Williams concerning the part taken by the 96th Illinois V. I. in the battle of Chickamauga is not quite correct. We were ordered out Friday, about 4 o'clock p. m., to look for the enemy. We found him at Chiekamauga Croek, in ambush. General Whitaker and staff were in advance, and were The regiment crossed at double-quick and formed in line, and we soon routed the rebels. We lest one killed and three wounded. We lay on our arms that night, and recrossed the creek next morning, and lay in support of a battery all day Saturday. On Sunday we were sent on double-quick to the right of General Thomas, and there we found all the rebels we could manage, and I think if there had been a few less we would have been satisfied! We stayed right by the Johnnies till dark, and made it as hot for them as we could, and I think they were satisfied, for they allowed us to depart in and wounded. Whosoever told L. Williams that the 96th Illinois' flag was the first to wave | To the Editor NATIONAL TRIBUNE: from the top of Lookout Mountain, told him the truth, and Sergeant McClosky was the man ported to the commanding general of the depart- who took it there. The Sth Kentucky flag was tain, and the regiment stayed on the mountain two weeks after the battle, guarding the rebel property they captured there. R. J. COOPER.

NORA, ILL. Sergeant, Co. E, 96th Ill. V. I.

MARYE'S HEIGHTS.

And the Gallant Charge of the Old Vermont Bri-Marye's Heights again! I am glad that one of the old 6th corps comrades has been heard from. I refer to Comrade Chandler, late of the 5th Vermont volunteers, whose communication I read in The TRIBUNE, giving an account of the taking of the fort by the Vermout brigade in the charge of May 3, 1863. I was one of the boys who smelt a little powder on that day as a to his tent. After we had lighted our pipes, torn up, and so many bridges and trestles had In THE TRIBUNE of November 8, I notice rade Chandler's account is very much as I that Comrade Doering wishes to know if any | would narrate, but I find, in looking up my old | of the old 9th Indiana are still alive. If friend | diary, that some mistakes were made as to some Doering will just step off the cars some time, of the officers who had command on that day. when on his way to Atchison from his home at | Instead of the 2d being commanded by Colonel Clifton, at our little city of Wetmore, and from | Whiting (he had resigned previously), we the depot go due north a few rods to the post- | were under the gallant Colonel James H. Waloffice he will be apt to find one of the old bridge at the time, and the 26th New Jersey bloody 9th handling the papers and letters for | (a nine months' regiment), then attached to the the people. Yes, I, too, am a little interested Vermont brigade, was commanded by Colonel in that history-about \$15 worth. Besides, I Morrison, I think. The 2d division, 6th corps. spent many hours with Mr. Hurlburt, giving | crossed the river to the left of the city on the him notes and assisting him in correcting his | 2d of May, and met some opposition in crossing own notes. I thought a good deal of the old | the river, but we gained a footing, and at 4 man and helped him all I could in preparing o'clock on the morning of the 3d the entire his manuscript. If friend Doering remembers | corps was in position for action. There was the songs (if such they may be called) written some shelling on both sides during the afterand published by A. O. McCreary, company G, | noon, but we remained inactive during this 9th Indiana, he may, perhaps, remember me. | time till about 12 o'clock m., when the offi-The songs were the "Battle of Shiloh," the cers' call was sounded. Our line officers reported "Battle of Murfreesboro," and several others. | to the colonel's headquarters, but they soon The first one was written in the winter of 1861, came back to us with long faces, and we while on Cheat Mountain, West Va., and if found out that the orders were to charge the Comrade Docring or any other soldier has pre- heights we had so vainly tried to take on the served any of my old scribblings in verse, I | 13th of December previous, and, as the Vershall be very thankful for a copy, as I have mont brigade had a share in that ever-memorlost every one of them. There are several of able engagement, when so many brave boys of the old 9th living, but they don't seem to write | the Army of the Potomac laid down their lives, for THE TRIBUNE, which surprises me. Colo- | we all felt rather blue, or at least I did, for we nel Suman was, I think, once captain of com- knew from our experience that it would be the pany H, and he is still alive and lives at or last charge for many of us. We had some of the

near Valparaiso, Ind. Old Dr. M. G. Sherman | feelings we had at Mine Run later. But the lives at Michigan City; Lieutenant Faris and | colonel of the 26th New Jersey volunteered to many more of company G boys get their mail | lead the brigade in the assault with his regiat Medaryville, Ind., and some of them, at | ment, which had never been in a fight before, Rensselaer, lad.; but the addresses of company | and, as it was a large regiment, we thought we H boys I don't know. I should be very glad | should not get much glory on this day. But to see something from some of the old 9th, for the 2d Vermont was a support, however, and I believe we went through as many hardships | the assaulting columns were soon in motion. We and hard-fought battles as most other regi- had to cross a plain for some distance in range ments, from 1861 to 1865. Cannot some one of the rebel batteries on the heights, and the tell us of the sharp fighting we had at Green- shells soon demoralized the Jersey boys, who brier, Shiloh, Stone River, Chickamauga, and | were breaking for the rear. Then the old tried all the way from Cleveland, Tenn., to Atlanta, 2d had to take the lead, supported by the 5th Ga. ? Going back with General Stanley to take | Vermont. The rest of the brigade were on care of Hood, we took part in the fight at | hand also. We crossed the plain on a double-Franklin, Tenn., and the two days' battle at | quick, keeping a good line, and hardly lost a | Nashville, and wound up by going to Texas. man in crossing, we kept so close columns. Let us hear from some of you old 9th boys, Upon reaching the foot of the hills, we were allowed a short time to breathe, being out of A. O. McCreary. range of the guns. But now was coming the "tug of war." We were soon on our feet again, and as we began to climb the hill we got the grape and canister in our faces, but we struggled up in good order, and soon reached the rebel battery that had tried to do us so much damage, capturing the entire battery. consisting of six brass guns. (This was the famous Washington battery, of New Orleans, I think.) We did not give the Johnnies time to get tip to tip of his wings. His color was gray, took some of these and made some prisoners. with a brownish tinge on the back and upper part of his head but quite light on the lower the rebel infantry, who had been supporting the guns. The rebels made a stand, and for a few minutes we had all we could do to hold our position till the supports came up. While olding this ground we could see our advanc-

ing lines for nearly a mile, I should judge, both to right and left. We being the center, and not having so much distance to make, received the brunt of battle, but as our flanking columns came up in a line parallel to the one we were so stubbornly trying to hold, the enemy fell back, and were soon in full retreat. The field was won and victory ours. The corps were soon in pursuit of the retreating enemy, we taking the plank road, the 1st division leading, our instructions being to form a junction with Hooker at Chancellorsville, whom we expected to find there, but, after marching in columns of forty about three miles, we ran into the whole rebel army, who were returning to wipe us out as they had the rest of the Army of the Petomac. Our lines of battle were bastily formed, and night soon coming on the fighting ceased, and we laid down on our arms for a little rest we so much Now, I feel some as does Comrade Chandler, that we of the 6th corps-especially the 2d brigade-should not let the "light brigade" carry

off all the honors from us in this engagement. I think we are entitled to some credit, as I find, in looking up my old diary, kept on the field during my three years' service, that the 2d Vermont regiment lost in this action 120 men, and the rest of the Vermont brigade also suffered. They did all that was required of them, and are entitled to all the honors for the part done in this, one of the most brilliant charges of the war. I am willing that the light | To the Editor NATIONAL TRIBUNE: brigade should have their share of the honors. and no more. They probably did their share.

FIGHTING THEM OVER, that he is the father of our beloved Colonel R. C. Kise, of the 120th Indiana volunteers. If Warrenton, Va., in the summer of 1863: so, please say to him for me, that I have in my | The Sabbath morn dawned bright and clear upon possession a small book (Tactics) which Col.

Kise carried during the war until we were in As underneath old Marye's Heights the corps of

> The thunder of the rebel guns the solemn stillness And echo answered echo back as one by awoke: But soon our rifled Parrotts spoke in tenes we And poured upon the rebel hordes a refluent storm

ther) discovered that we were being cut off from In quick response our well served guns their deadly missiles pour, Which through the scarp and parapet of their intrenchments tore : But grape and shell and solid shot, though showered forth like rain, To drive the "greybacks" from their holes proved impotent and vain.

> Green Mountain Boys! ye horoes of a dozen bloody The call is now for men who dare to scale the dizzy And see! advancing on the plain, their serried lines appear, Unbroken by the storm of grape-unparalyzed by

> The 26th New Jersey, then attached to our brigade, Supported by the 2d's boys, a master stroke es-But, struggling through a miry bog that stretched across their way. They broke in wild confusion, and went hopelessly

> Then came the long-tried 2.1 up, and passed them on the run.-Vermont might well be proud that day of every martial son,-With volley answering volley as they climbed the shelving track, And shouting forth their battle cry, they drove the rebels back !

Upon our right the "light brigade" dismay and carnage spread, Far to the left, our own brave Brooks his troops triumplant led; Each proudly emulous of each, were deeds of valor And on the crest layed down to rest-for Marye's

Heights were won!

fired upon as soon as they crossed the creek. All honor to the brave who fell, nor shed their blood in vain Who rested with us, but alas! no more to By Kappahannock's storied stream their verdant graves were made, Who, dying, shed new luster on the "Old Vermont

> J. A. BENEDICT, Serg't, Co. B, 2d Vt. Reg't, 2d Brig., 2d Div., 6th Corps. EAST POULTNEY, VT.

A MORAL HERO.

peace. We lost, if I remember right, 393 killed | The Boy-Seldier Who Was Not Afraid to Say His Prayers.

An instance of moral courage that will appeal

"He led the way at once to a large hospital their hands, but not a hand moved; not a word was spoken; in reverent silence they sat wait-

a boy arose from his knees, and with a quiet an ammunition train on its way to the garrison resumed, and the captain led the way back | The railroad at this point was so thoroughly he told me the following story of the little hero | been destroyed, that no re-enforcements or supwho had conquered a position among the men plies could again pass over it before the Army of his regiment:

Charley came to our camp and insisted upon being mustered-in, notwithstanding his short stature and rather delicate physique. The men | the railroad. Arriving in view of the little made a good deal of fun of him and his friends town of Garlandville, we were confronted tried to dissuade him, but he was evidently so by a line of armed citizens of the town, who determined that the mustering officer, after had been hastily gathered together at the comhim, and he was accordingly enrolled into com- proach they opened fire on us, Forquer

pany K-my company. him trying his best to master the manual of the defeat of the French at Vittoria, "We his companions were considerably in advance town, and up the town, and down the town,

to move, and a few days afterwards we were on Virginia fence, and took, as I remember, the the march in Buell's army after Bragg, whom last man of them prisoner. They were

we came up with at Perryville. that day, but never one that seemed to me so to explain, if possible, their reason, as citizens, terrible as the attack by Cheatham on Jackson's for taking up arms. The judge informed me division. Our men had never heard the crack | that his name was Watts, and that he was of a hostile gun before, and stood the fire well | judge of the judicial district; that his son was for a time. Soon, however, the color-bearer | railroad agent at Newton, and that he was so form on the edge of a field, across which the the citizens together to resist us, and in so rebels were advancing in a rapid charge. Char- doing had only done his duty to his State. for his strength, mounted the fence and held | my men had relieved him of his gold watch the staff against it. Bullets whistled about his and chain; that the watch was an heirloom in head, shivering splinters from the rails, but he the family, and he should be very glad if it was perfectly unmoved. We held our position | could be found and restored to him. He carrying the flag. All through the day he bore it. He was informed that our visit among it as proudly as if it had been a new uniform. them was not for the purpose of robbing citi-"The men conceived an admiration for the little fellow and ceased calling him Betsy, the men should be formed in line in front of count of his known courage.

"Then came Stone River. Our regiment was in the thick of the fight in the cedars, when | tioned at the same time not to accuse an inno- 1st brigade, Brigadier-General Sol. Meredith. Charley was struck by a piece of shell, that cut | cent party, as the latter might prove to be very away his coat and carved a piece of skin from his right side. He coolly tore his coat in strips, stand upon his integrity and demand a retracwrapped it tightly about his body, picked up | tion. On running his eye along the line, howhis gun, and kept on firing away as if nothing ever, the judge did not feel at liberty to say had happened. I went to him and ordered which of them was the possessor of the heirhim to the rear. "Will I die if I don't go?" said he. "No, I think not from that wound," the twenty or more men who composed the 2d division, Brigadier-General Henry Baxter. said I; "but you are pretty badly hurt." "Then citizen soldiery of Garlandville were taken in I would rather stay with the men," said the exchange for as many of our own, and on the Third division.—Major-General Abner Doubleday. brave boy; and I gave my consent for him to arrival of the column our prisoners were turned

aided them in this. They would catch him by his heels when he kneeled and hold him up head downward, carry bim about the tent, and pitch him up in a blanket. As long as they did not hurt him he took it all good-naturedly, not even reproaching them for their rudeness. To the Editor NATIONAL TRIBUNE: The night after this battle, however, there was a marked change in the conduct of the men. Charley went to the surgeon of our regiment and had his wound sewed up and obtained a coat-of which there were plenty about the hospital whose owners would never need them more-and came back to the regiment, saying he would take his chances with his comrades. He got through the battles of the succeeding days safely, aithough our company lost onethird of its number in killed and wounded. When we went into camp at Murfreesboro it was agreed in Charley's company that he should be permitted to have his way about his prayers. After Chickamauga our regiment was reduced in numbers that we were about strong chough for a provost guard, and here we are. You see how Charley has conquered. has received his final discharge. Not a man in that tent will utter a word when he is at prayers, and a man coming in from an-

promptly at 9 o'clock, and all noise is hushed, as you saw to-night.' 'I came away," said my informant, "with the idea that I was a miserable, cowardly sinner, and in the quality of real courage was not worthy to tie that soldier's shoes."

WASHINGTON, D. C. As to That Reward for Dead Cavalrymen.

I saw in THE TRIBUNE a short time ago a statement to the effect that during the war it Now, wake up, comrades, and let us hear was a saying, "A roward will be paid for a dead through the columns of THE TRIBUNE some- cavalryman." I saw in Louisiana, after a brief through the columns of The Tribune some cavalryman." I saw in Louisiana, after a brief thing more about the old 6th corps of the Army five minutes' fight, sixty-three cavalrymen dead battle in front of Fort Donelson. It was staand wounded by the saber. And they held the tioned at Jefferson City from December 11,

who commanded a body of troops-a portion of the 16th corps-that did more fighting than any, living or dead, -could handle the adjectives To the Editor NATIONAL TRIBUNE: symmetrically. How I would like to have heard him explode when he read Abbott's account of the taking of Fort De Russey, credited to another man; and how I did run away from his explctives, after jumping down from the toprail of the steamboat Tigress and accidentally

knocking him into the filth among the mules! Many is the compliment I have heard extracted from the rebs for you, O A. J., and for the 8th Missouri,-those you jointly captured,-and I would rather see you sailing along the column or line on your black pacer than to see a grand army corps review. I belonged to your command for only some sixteen days, but well do I cherish the memory of your 'eight thousand quartermasters."

1ST WISCONSIN BATTERY. LA CRESCENT, MINN.

A DAY WITH GRIERSON. The Ride from Pearl River to Garlandville-Som Interesting Incidents. To the Editor NATIONAL TRIBUNE:

Goldsmith tells us: "No man ever sees a battle," and, as a general proposition, how true it | be found. is! Indeed, it was only around the camp-fire, after the conflict of the day was over, that we were able to form a proper conception of the work we had done, and I would venture the assertion that it is only after a lapse of twenty years, and through the medium of THE TRIBUNE and kindred sources, that the people are beginning to know the true story of the rebellion. We look in the current histories in vain for a true record of events in which we participated. I have been much interested in the "Griersonraid sketches," by Sergeant Surby, of the 7th Illinois. I knew him well, and am aware that he did splendid service as a scout-a duty that was exceptionally hazardous, and required uncommon dash and skill. I remember the daring dash at the bridge, where Surby was may have something to say hereafter. This memoranda will give a day's march on

the raid, from the standpoint of the writer, and we will call it "From Pearl River to Garlandville." We lay all night in a drenching rain in near the Escambia River, while the former were the heavily-timbered bottom of Pearl River, en route from Pensacola, Fla., to Fort Blakely, anxions for the dawn which revealed to us a Ala., in the latter part of March, 1865. Would also swift and rolling river, with no means at hand for crossing 950 men but one large skiff, capable of seating about twelve men, with their saddles and equipments. The horses were stripped of their saddles by companies, driven down the narrow dugway, and compelled to take water. They were caught by their riders on the opposite bank and hastily resaddled and remounted. While the 6th were crossing, the 7th was on the road to Newton Station, on the Vicksburg and Meridian Railroad, eight miles away. Should any of the survivors of company L, 6th Illinois, read this-there are several of them living near Shawneetown, Ill .to many a mother's heart was related to me a | in-rider and horse dripping with water. In few days since by a former staff officer in the this condition we were ordered to take a posibrought up soon after, and Generals Whittaker Army of the Cumberland. He said: "I was tion on the Jackson road, down which a force in the battle of Lookout Mountain, and we in the army, come to my tent about 9 o'clock | should the enemy appear, to charge sabers. Had probably never will, but that will not after to-night, and I will go with you to see him.' I the occasion required, the charge would have to hear from some of the boys of the 36th or 44th facts, and one of them is that the flag of the called at the appointed hour and the captain been made in our soaked and shivering con-96th Illinois V. I. was the first on the moun- went with me at once to the quarters of the dition, with all the vitality we possessed. About provost guard, in rear of the line of officers' the time the 6th had all crossed the river, we heard what seemed to us heavy cannonading to the south, and we were sure the 7th had tent that was occupied by a portion of the guard, and drawing aside the flap of the tent, motioned me to look inside. This is the tab- to Newton Station as a charge, as neither men lean that met my eyes: Three or four groups | nor horses looked or felt very heroic, yet we put of soldiers scated on the ground; several candles that eight miles behind us as rapidly as our tory of that regiment was never published. burning in the sockets of bayonets, lighted the | jaded horses could be made to carry us. We | bowed heads of the soldiers. All had cards in | were going to the relief of our comrades of the 7th, who, as we thought, were hotly engaged. like to hear from some comrade of that regiment.

> A FALSE ALARM. of the Mississippi embraced it for a siege. Com-"When our regiment was first organized, pany L was ordered to proceed south a mile or two, and take station as a guard, while the command completed its work of destroying fellow during our brief stay in camp, and found fellow during the fellow during our brief stay in camp, and found fellow during the fellow Morrow, one of my best men, receiving a load and all round about the town," and finally "'Suddenly an order came for our regiment | corralled them in a "woods lot" inclosed by a marched to a blacksmith shop in the village, "'I have seen a good many hard fights since | there to await the arrival of Colonel Grierson grasped the staff, and, finding it too heavy | The judge also stated that in the melee one of long as we could; then fell back, Charley thought he could identify the man who took treating him with more consideration on ac- his extemporized prison, and if he could identify the man who had stolen it, the watch should be returned to him; but he was causensitive, and, if accused wrongfully, might loom of the family of Watts. The horses of over to the command, and were marched along | St. A. list brigade, Brigadier-General Thomas A. Rowley. "During all the time he had been with us he with a number of other equally unfortunates had been the butt of ridicule on account of his persistence in saying his prayers before retiring ous for safe conduct, they were allowed to sub
> with a number of other equally unfortunates until, as was our custom, becoming too numerous for safe conduct, they were allowed to sub
> lor the night. The men would play all sorts. for the night. The men would play all sorts scribe to a parole not to take up arms until washington, D. C.
>
> Assistant doorkeeper, House of Representatives, from which will be deducted all United States CAPT. L Co.,

BELOIT, KAN.

The 29th Illinois.

20th Illinois infantry, and I often find it. In this week's paper I find it twice-once at Donelson, and again at Bald Hill. It shows up well, and I am proud of its record. But I am sorry its history must be written by comrades who never shouldered a gun under Marsh or his successors, and that I do not hear a word from any member of that grand old regiment. Are they all mustered out? Wake up, comrades! Call the roll. Ben Coats, Milt. Whinery, Oscar Gamble, Ellis Briggs; where are you? You were all good writers once. Write something for THE TRIBUNE—the soldier's best friend-something for your children and their children to read, for THE TRIBUNE will be

It is twenty years since I have seen any of the old Hildebrand Cadets, and to any member other tent knows better than to break the of company F who will answer this by giving rules. He has only to kneel, which he does THE TRIBUNE asketch of some of their exploits I will send a cabinet photo of P. L. P., Co. F, 20th III. Inf. MERIDEN, CONN.

The 12th Iowa Not at Fort Donelson.

To the Editor NATIONAL TRIBUNE: In the account of the capture of Fort Donelson printed in THE TRIBUNE I do not find any mention of the 12th Iowa infantry. I always supposed they took an active part in the capture of that place. Please inform us through your columns what division and brigade they belonged to, if they were there at all.

SUBSCRIBER. Wm. C. Kise, of the 10th Indiana volunteers, I send you the following poem, which was ground. And I wasn't a cavalryman, either. I 1861, to March 8, 1862, when the regiment First division.—Brigadler-General Junes Earnes. in THE TATEUNE of the Sth inst. I am told | written by Lientenant Eben N. Drury, of the think Colonel Davis, of the 3d Maryland, com- | embarked for Pittsburg Landing, where it ar-

manded. He was wont to use emphatic language. And that reminds me that A. J. Smith,—

the guage. And that reminds me that A. J. Smith,—

6th and 7th of April.—Ep.]

Tived in time to take part in the battles of the late of

The Stampede of the 2d Corps Explained.

In answer to the query in reference to the stampede of the 2d Corps at midnight on the 12th of June, 1864, I would say that it was occasioned by the running away of one or two cember 8, 1882.

army mules loaded down with kitchen utensils. I was one that strolled over into the field about that time. Another stampede occurred a few nights before, occasioned by a drove of cattle running into a regiment encamped in the woods. SHERMAN D. RICHARDSON. ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Discharges twaiting an Owner.

Mr. John B. Tyer, Wabash, Ind., writes that he has in his possession two discharges of Geo. C. Lowery, company I, 7th regiment, Vermont volunteer infantry, (W. A. Holbrook, colonel,) which came into my possession some ten years ago, when he was postmaster at the above place, the following note being left with them: DEAR SIR: These papers were found at the depot at Logansport, Ind. As they are valuable, I inclose

them to you, as you will probably know the address of the owner. Yours, &c., FINDER. He will gladly send same to owner if he can

THE QUESTION SQUAD. Veteraus Who Want to Hear from Their Old Com-

rades. In reply to query of Miss Matilda Smith, of Bennet, Neb., in THE TRIBUNE of November 8th, for her "Pa," William Hand, Plainfield, N. J., writes as follows: He will probably remember me, although I do not remember him. If he was with us at Brandy Station during the winter of '63-'64 he will remember the falling of a big white oak tree among the tents of company C, which my brother Henry and myself cut, and the free fight which followed for the possession of the wood. We have several of the 11th New Jersey boys in our Post (No. 73), and if he writes to the postmaster at Dover, Morris county, N. J., I think he will get on ing dash at the bridge, where Surby was wounded, and of the ride subsequent to that I captain of company E instead of C, and one of the very best that ever served in our regiment.

G. A. Root, Newton, Ia., would like some one who was on that expedition to give an account of the engagement between the cavalry advance of General Steele's army and some Confederate forces like to know the name and number of the mounted regiments engaged.

Comrade William D. Meeker, company F, 28th Illinois V. I., York, Neb., would like to have the battle of Hatchie written up by some of Hurlbut's old fighting 4th division. He adds: "I have not seen that written up yet, but the division that fought that battle on the Union side were fighters,

not writers.' A. Smith, Attleboro, Mass., would like to know where he can get a history of the 20th Massachu-

Lemnel H. Bardwell, company A, 5th Minnesota olunteers, writes on behalf of Burnside Post, of Kasson, Minn., (which is making an effort to have eral of them living near Shawneetown, iil.— all soldiers' graves in its vicinity furnished with they will remember the sorry plight we were appropriate headstones,) to endeavor to find out some of the relatives or friends of Calvin Mc-Junkins, who was buried in Claremont, Dodge county, Minn., his friends leaving the county and Osterhaus had a hot dispute then and there sitting in my tent one evening, when the chief of Confederates, report said, were coming to of Burnside Post, will be glad to hear from any one shortly afterwards. George B. Arnold, Adjutant about whose flag was there first. Our brigade never got any credit for the part we took

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Comrade T. McNabb, St. Paul, Neb., would like O. V. I. regarding the battle of Lewisburg, W. Va., H. A. McConnell, of Le Roy, Minn., wants to hear

something of General A. J. Smith's command at Nashville and Spanish Fort. Comrade W. H. Williamson, Lebanon, New York, would like some comrade of the 19th Corps to write

Comrade A. R. Adams, company I, 9th Indiana, Organ Springs, Ind., wants to know why the his-Comrade Chas. E. Philo, of Maryville, Mo., late bugler of company I, 2d Wisconsin cavalry, would

Comrade Sherry, of Lena, Illinois, wants the 9th ing for something. I could not see what caused the novel sight.

On our arrival at the railroad, we were glad to
find Colonel Prince and his gallant regiment
Petersburg, Va., on July 30, 1864. He would also "Presently, from near the center of the tent, busy with the pleasanter occupation of burning like to hear from members of the 51st Pennsylvania. a boy arose from his knees, and with a quiet an ammunition train on its way to the garrison at Vicksburg, and the cannonading we heard blanket and went to bed. The play was at once was the exploding shells on the burning train.

Lewis M. Irey, Augusta, Ohio, writes that his father, Israel Irey, of company B, 93d Illinois, would like to hear from some member of that regi-

> William Mussen, of company H, 107th Illinois, Elk City, Kan., would like to hear something about the fighting in which his regiment was engaged preceding the siege of Knoxville.

Comrade Ogden, of Edgerton, Mo., would like to hear from some member of the Bloody 8th Michigan, about the battles they were in—the Wilderness, Pittsburg Landing, Spottsylvania, Chantilly, Antietam, and second Bull Run.

Comrade J. N. Whetstone, Inte of company G. thoroughly examining him, decided to accept mand of the district judge. On our near aphim, and he was accordingly enrolled into comhim by a rebel planter.

arms and the mysteries of the drill, in which his companions were considerably in advance town, and up the town, and down the town. "Indianola" below Warrenton, at the time of the rebels at Harper's Ferry and capturing a supply campaign against Vicksburg.

A ROLL OF FAME.

What Has Become of the Men Who Commanded at Gettysburg. The following list of corps, division and bri-

gade commanders of the Army of the Petomac at the battle of Gettysburg and the present address of the survivors will be followed in subsequent issues by a similar roster of the Army was shot down, and another grasping the staff incensed at the burning that was being done of the Cumberland at Tullahoma, and the shared his fate. Just then came an order to around the depot that he had hastily collected Army of the Tennessee at Vicksburg, all dated ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

Major-General, George G. Meade. Died November Chief of Staff, Daniel Butterfield. New York City. Engineer, Brigadier-General Henry W. Benham. No. 104 East 36th street, New YorkCity. Retired. Colonel U. S. A. Artillery Chief, Brigadier-General Henry J. Hunt. Washington, D. C. Retired. Colonel U. S. A.

Artillery Reserve, Brigadier-General Robert O. Tyler. Died December 1, 1874. FIRST CORPS. Major-General, John F. Reynolds. Killed at Get-First division.-Brigadier-General James S. Wads-Died October 26, 1875. 2d brigade, Brigadier-General Lysander Cutler. Died July 30, 1866. Second division.-Brigadier-General John C. Rob-

inson, Binghamton, N. Y. Retired. Major-1st brigade, Brigadier-General Gabriel R. Paul. Washington, D. C. Brigadier-general. Retired. Died December 30, 1873.

No. 19 Park Place, New York City. Retired.

SECOND CORPS. Major-General, Winfield S. Hancock. Major-General, U. S. A. Governor's Island, N. Y. Commanding the Division of the Atlantic.

First division.-Brigadier-General John C. Cald-

well. Augusta, Me

1st brigade, Colonel Edward E. Cross. Killed July Every week I leok for some account of the 2d brigade, Colonel Patrick Kelly. Killed June 16, 2, 1863, at Gettysburg. 1864, before Petersburg. 3d brigade, Brigadier-General Samuel K. Zook. Killed at Gettysburg.
4th brigade, Colonel John R. Brooke. Colonel, 3d U. S. infantry. Fort Shaw, M. T. . Second division.—Brigadier-General John Gibbon. Colonel 7th U. S. infantry. Fort Laramie, Wyo-1st brigade, Brigadier-General Wm. Harrow.

3d brigade, Colonel Norman J. Hall. Died May Third division. - Brigadier-General Alex. Hays. Killed May 5, 1864, at Wilderness. 1st brigade, Colonel Samuel S. Carrell, Majorchildren to read, for The Tribune will be General. Retired. Washington, D. C. read long after the last soldier of the Union 2d brigade, Colonel Thomas A. Smyth. Died April 9, 1865, of wounds received at Farmville, Va 3d brigade, Colonel George L. Willard, Killed at Gettysburg.

THIRD CORPS.

Died September 27, 1872. 2d brigade, Brigadier-General Alex. S. Webb.

New York City. Principal of New York College.

Major-General Daniel E. Siekles. New York City. Colonel U. S. A. Retired. First division.—Major-General Daniel B. Birney. Died October 18, 1864. 1st brigade, Brigadier-General Chas. K. Graham. No. 237 Broadway, New York City.

2d brigade, Brigadier-General J. H. H. Ward.

213 West 58th street, New York City.

3d brigade, Colonel P. R. de Trobriand. Colonel

H. C. O., L'Anse, Mich.—It is rather ear U. S. A. Retired. No. 68 Clouet street, New Orleans, La.

Second division. - Brigadier-General Andrew Humphreys. Brigadier-General. Retired, Washlst brigade, Brigadier-General Joseph A. Carr. Secretary of State of New York, Troy, N. Y. 2d brigade, Colonel Wm. R. Brewster. Died De-

3d brigade, Colonel Strong Vincent. Died July 7, 1863, of wounds received at Gettysburg.

Second division.—Brigadier-General Romeyn B.

Ayres. Colonel 2d U. S. artillery. Washington,
D. C.

1st brigade, Colonel Hannibal Day, Morristown, N. J. Colonel U. S. A. Retired. 2d brigade, Colonel Sidney Burbank, Died De-cember 8, 1882. Killed at Gettysburg.

Third division.—Brigadier-General Sam'l W. Craw-ford, York, Pa. Brigadier-General, U. S. A. Re-1st brigade, Colonel Wm. McCandless. Philadelphia, Pa. Lawyer.
3d brigade, Colonel Joseph W. Fisher. Cheyenne,
Wyoming. Chief Justice of Wyoming.

Major-General John Sedgwick, Killed May 9, 1864, at Wilderness. First division .- Brig.-General Horatio G. Wright. Washington, D. C. Chief Engineer, U. S. A. Ist brignde, Brigadier-General Alfred T. Torbert, Drowned off Florida Coast, August 29, 1880. 2d brigade, Brigadier-General Joseph J. Bartlett. New York City.
3d brigade, Brigadier-General David A. Russell.
Killed September 19, 1864, at Winchester. Second division. - Brigad'r-General Albion P. Howe,

Cambridge, Mass. Colonel U. S. A. Retired. 2d brigade, Colonel Lewis A. Grant. Des Moines, 3d brigade, Brigadier-General Thos. H. Neill, 666 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y. Colonel U. S. A. Re-

Third division.—Brigad'r-General Frank Wheaton. Colonel 2d U. S. infantry. Vancouver barracks. Washington Territory.

1st brigade, Brigadier-General Alex. Shaler. New York City. Major-General N. Y. S. M. 2d brigade, Colonel Henry L. Eustis. Cambridge, 3d brigade, Colonel David I. Nevin, 115 Waverly Place, New York City.

ELEVENTH CORPS. Major-General O. O. Howard, Omaha, Neb. Commanding Department of the Platte. First division.—Brigadier-General Francis C. Bar-

low. Albany, N. Y. 1st brigade, Colonel Leopold Von Gilser. New York City, N. Y. 2d brigade, Brigadier-General Adelbert Ames.
Lowell, Mass. Son-in-law of B. F. Butler.
Second division.—Brigadier-General Adolph Von
Steinwehr. Died July 25, 1877.
1st brigade, Colonel Chas. R. Coster. New York
City. Pension agent. City. Pension agent. 2d brigade, Colonel Orlando Smith, Columbus, Ohio. Superintendent of Railroads. Third division. - Major-General Carl Schurz. New York City. Conducting newspaper. 1st brigade, Brigadier-General A. Schimmelfennig. Died September 7, 1865.

cisco. Banker. TWELFTH CORPS. Brigadier-General Alpheus S. Williams. Died January 23, 1878. First division.-Brigadier General Thomas H. Ruger. Colonel 18th U. S. infantry. Helena, 1st brigade, Colonel Archibald L. McDougall. Dec. Died June 23, 1864, of wounds received at Dallas, 2d brigade, Brigadier-General Henry H. Lock-

2d brigade, Colonel W. Kryzanowski. San Fran-

wood. Washington, D. C. Professor at the U. S. Naval Observatory. 3d brigade, Colonel Silas Colgrove. Indianapolis, Second division. - Brigadier-General John W. Geary. Died February 8, 1873. 1st brigade, Colonel Charles Candy. Fort Monroe 2d brigade, Colonel George A. Cobham, Killed July 20, 1864, at Peach Tree Creek, Ga, 3d brigade, Brigadier-General George S. Gre New York City. Civil engineer.

CAVALRY CORPS. Major-General Alfred S. Plear unton. Washington, First division,-Brigadier-General John Buford. Died December 18, 1863. 1st brigade, Colonel Wm. Gamble. Died December 2d brigade, Colonel Thomas C. Devin. Died April

Reserve brigade, Brigadier-General Wesley Merritt. Colonel 5th U. S. cavairy. West Point, N. Y. Superintendent of the U. S. Military Acad-Second division.-Brigadier-General David MeL. Gregg. Reading, Pa.

1st brigade, Colonel John B. McIntosh. BrigadierGeneral, U.S. A. Retired. New Brunswick, N.J. 2d brigade, Colonel Pennock Huey. Williamsport, 3d brigade, Colonel J. Irvin Gregg. Colonel, U. S.

A. Retired. Lewisburg. Pa.

Third division.—Brigadier-General Judson Kilpatrick. Died December 2, 1881. 1st brigade, Brigadier-General Eben J. Farnsworth. Killed July 3, 1863, at Gettysburg. 2d brigade, Brigadier-General George A. Custer. Killed June 25, 1876, in action with Indians in

OUR CORRESPONDENTS.

Replies to Questions on a Variety of Interesting Sulfects. D. A. B., Hastings, Mich.—1. The testimony mentioned will be sufficient, in our opinion, to establish the claim. 2. The testimony of the physician who treated you while on furlough will take the place of testimony of regimental surgeon. 3. Testimony of neighbors will be accepted to prove the disability for the time not covered by medical tes-

timony. 4. Claims are not rejected for lack of tes-timony when they are supported by such testimony as you say has been filed in your claim. S. W. L.-No. A soldier who actually deserted, as in the case mentioned by you, has no chance for relief under the law. The Adjutant-General, U.S. A., rules in all cases of desertion that where the soldier absented himself without proper permission he cannot prove to the satisfaction of the Department that he did not intend to desert. The fact

that a soldier described from one organization and re-enlisted in another one makes his crime of desertion glaring and flagrant, and relief would be denied him. E. F. H., Ogden, Utah.-Co. B. 1st Wisconsin heavy artillery, belonged to the 23d army corps.

Mrs. C. A. S., Bristol, Conn.—Widows of enlisted men can only receive 28 per month. The amount of pension he was receiving prior to his death does not enter into the question, as the rate for widows is fixed by law, and it can be neither more nor less than \$8 where the soldier was not an officer. P. S., Mianesota .- 1. After all the required testimony has been furnished the Pension Office, it

takes some time before the claim can be passed upon, even if the testimony is satisfactory. standing and reputation of the witnesses are frequently inquired into; service of army witnesses have to be verified by reports from the War Department; often the witnesses are written to for further information, &c. This consumes months of time. 2. A special examiner writes to or examines each and every witness known to him that is supposed to have any knowledge of the case.

E. C. P., Rock Valley, Iowa,-Where the claim for invalid pension is rejected on ground that examinng surgeon or board of surgeons finds "no disability," he will be accorded another examination, usually, by filing affidavit of two civil surgeons to the effect that claimant is disabled as alleged in his claim. Such affidavits should be full and definite. J. W. B., Clay City, Ill.-Write to the Quarter master-General, U. S. A., stating the facts as communicated to us, giving your brother's full name, company and regiment, and you can probably learn where he is buried. Had you given us your brother's name, &c., we could have utilized your letter by referring it to the proper person, who could have furnished you the information you

J. H. J., Pleasantville, Iowa.-Pension, under special act of Congress, can only date from date of said act. Such has always been the law (see seetion 4720, Revised Statutes,) and it is doubtful whether Congress will ever provide arrears for pensions under special acts.

J. E. W., North Middletown, Ky .- If the equalizabounty received. As you have already received \$200 bounty, to entitle you to bounty under said bill, you must have served more than twenty-four months, in which event you can easily determine the exact amount you should receive by applying the rule above mentioned.

A. A. S., Elroy, Wis .- Whether an honorably discharged soldier can obtain a license to peddle without paying corporations therefor depends upon the laws of each State. There is no general law upon the subject. In some States such licenses are given without cost to the soldier. We do not know what the law is in your State in regard to this matter. The Secretary of State of Wisconsin, Hon, Ernst G. Timme, Madison, Wis., can inform

A. G., Murphysborough, Ill.-We cannot state the cause of delay in any claim, neither can we examine the papers in any claim on file in the Pension Office, as that would be contrary to all custom and rule. (See reply to R. E. in our last issue.) G. L. Cheshire, N. Y .- If the facts stated by you

can be proven, the soldier is entitled to a discharge,

or, if same has been lost, he can get a certificate from the records, which can be used to join the G. M. N. F. Cherryfield, Me.-There has been no amendment to the pension laws providing pen-sions to widows. They are entitled only as shown in reply to " Attica, O.," this column.

J. K. H. Great Bend, Kan .- 1. Ten dollars is the usual fee of attorneys in claims for increase of pension. 2. The firm mentioned is in good standing, so far as we know. J. S. P., Turtle Creek, Pa.-We believe they are reliable. We never had any dealings with them.

H. C. O., L'Anse, Mich.—It is rather early to predict the fate of the Equalization Bounty Bill in the coming Congress. That it is a just measure and one that ought to go through is beyond contro-

versy. It would give you about \$100. J. A., Elna Green, Ind.—It is impossible for us to state who was the recruiting officer in Louisville, Ky., in 1863, and there appears to be no way to obtain the information you ask. There were probably a dozen or more. At that time recruiting offices in large cities were numerous. Much obliged for your compliment. It isn't every one that appre-ciates, as you do, our efforts to help "the boys" out in their troubles.

M. B. T., Rock ield, Ind .- 1. The second affidavis

will not have much weight. The Pension Office does not attach much importance to what a witness believes. What he actually knows constitutes testimony necessary to establish a claim. 2. Medical testimony, showing the actual existence of the alleged disease of stomach in the service, or on return home from the service, must be furnished, if there is no hospital record of the same cine the

chances of success are against the claimant. S. A. Y., Panora, Iowa, wants to know the origin of the name "Johnny" or "Johnny Reb.," asapplied to the Confederate soldiers. Can any of our readers answer this query?

L. C. S., LaPorte, Ind. - A bill to increase pensions for deafness was defeated last Congress. We hope it will be again brought up and some provision made for this and other inadequately-rated classes of pensioners. We will do what we can to secure to every pensioner a fair rating for his disability. W. H. A., Whitinsville, Mass.-1. Write to the Second Auditor of the Treasury for your discharge certificate. It may be on file in his office. 2. Ap-

ply to your Senator or your Representative. Mem-bers of Congress have control of certain copies, or you can apply direct to the chief clerk of the War R. F., Tunnel Hill Ga .- We do not clearly understand what you mean by "records of regiment" in your case. If there is any record of your disease, regi-mental or otherwise, you will not be required to

furnish testimony as to treatment during service.
If you have any "record" in your possession bearing upon your claim you should file it in the Pen-J. G., Philadelphia, Pa.-The board of examining

surgeons in your city meets Monday, Wednesday, and Friday of each week, throughout the entire year, for the purpose of examining claimants. J. L. M., (f) Newton, Iowa,-The officer was not entitled to pay for services as an officer prior to his

actual muster in as such. M. G. H., Fairmount Springs, Pa.-L. Claims of widows or minor children if filed prior to July I, 1880, date from the soldier's death. 2. A white who filed her claim since June 30, 1880, can only draw pension from date of illing her claim, because such is the law. Should the arrears bill be extended the widow will be entitled to arrears from death of soldier to date of filing claim. 3, The rank of lieutenant was probably an error, and it was so discovered and changed to ser cant, which, no doubt, was the soldier's rank when he contracted his disability. Pensions can be paid only according to the rank actually held at the time the disa-

bility originated; subsequent rank and services do not enter into the question. Attica, Ohio, -A widow of soldler is entitled to pension, providing said soldier died from a disabil-ity due to his service and line of duty. The date of her marriage to said soldier does not enter into the question. If married since the war she is entitled the same as if married before the war. Widows of entisted men receive \$8 per month, of second lieuants \$15, of first lieutenants \$17, of captains \$20, of other officers higher rates, according to rank.

CHRONOLOGY OF THE WAR. The Leading Events of the War Arranged by Weekly Anniversaries.

1861. 1. Skirmish at Whippoorwill Creek, Ky., by detachment of 20th Ky. inf.

1. Expedition to Caseyville, Ky., by detachment of 8th Mo. inf.; battery A, 1st Ill. art., and gunboat Concatoga of the

navy. 1. Skirmish at Shanghai, Mo., by 39th Ohio 2. Skirmish at Annandale, Va., by the de-tachments of 1st N. Y. cav. and 45th

N. Y. inf. 3. Action at Salem, Mo., by battalion of Bowen's Mo. cav. 3. Occupation of Ship Island, Miss., by th Muss, battery; 25th Mass, and 9th Conn

4. Skirmish at Burke's Station, Va., by dstachment of 3d N. J. inf. 5-9. Expedition through the Current Hills, Mo., by Bowen's buitalion of Mo. cav. 6. Expedition to Gunnell's farm, near Dranesville, Va., by detachment of lat Pa. cav.; Cos. A and G, lst Pa. art.; 2d, 4th, 5th, 7th, 9th, 10th, 11th and 12th

Pa. reserve inf. 7. Occupation of Beaufort, S. C., by 50th and looth Pa. inf. 1. Skirmish at Beaver Dam Church, Va., by 168d Pa. inf.

1. Skirmish near Romney, W. Va., by Washington Co. Pa. cnv. Skirmish at Mitchell's Cross-roads, Miss.
 by detachments of lat Ind. and 9th lik.
 cav.; 11th and 24th Ind. inf.
 1-3. Skirmishes near Oxford, Miss., by 3d

Mich., 4th Ill., 2d lown, and 7th Kan. 1-10. Reconnaissance towards Logan Court-House, W. Va., by 28th and 30th Ohio

2. Skirmish at Saline, Ind. Ter., by detachment of 3d Kan, Indian Home Guards. 2. Skirmish on the Black water, near Frank-

2. Skirmish on the Blackwater, near Franklin, Va., by detachment of 11th Pa. cav.

2,3. Reconnaissance from Saffolk to the
Blackwater, Va., by 7th Mass. battery,
and L. 4th U.S. art.; 6th Mass., 130th
N. Y., 163d Pa., 62d Ohio, and 39th Ill.
inf., and detachment of 11th Pa. cav.

2-6. Reconnaissance from Bolivar Heights to
Winchester, Va., and skirmishes at
Charlestown and Berryville, by 6th Mo.
battery and E and F. Pa. art.; 78th,

Charlestown and Berryville, by 6th Mo, bettery and E and F. Pa. art; 78th, 102d, 137th, 145th, 140th N. Y., 28th, 199th, 111th, 147th Pa., 3d Md., 5th, 7th, 29th, and 66th Ohio inf.; Cole's Md. cav.

3. Skirmish at Moorefield, W. Va., by Ringgold's battalion of Pa. and detachment of 3d W. Va. cav.

3. Action at Oakland, Miss., by detachments of 1st Ind., 3d, 5th, 9th, 19th Ill., 6th Mo., 2d Wis., 3d and 4th Iowa, and 5th Kan. cav.

 Skirmish near Spring Dale, Miss., by detachments of 5th Ohio, 7th Ill., and 2d lowa cav.

4. Action at Water Valley, Miss., by de-tachments of 5th Ohio, 7th III., and 2d Iowa cav. 4 Skirmish in Floyd county, Ky., by 38th Ky, inf. 4. Skirmish at Holly Tree Gap, Tenn., by 4th Mich. cav.

4-6. Skirmish at Poston Mountains, Ark., by

2d Kan. cav. and 13th Kan. inf. 5. Engagement at Coffeeville, Miss., by de-tachment of 5th Ohio, 3d Mich., 4th and 7th Ill., 2d Iowa, 7th Kan. cav., and battery G, 2d Ill. art. 6. Skirmish at Mill Creek, Tenn., by 98d.

Ohio, and buttery H, 5th U. S. art. 6. Skirmish at Parkersville, Mo., by 5th Kan, cav. 6, Skirmish at Reed's Mountain, Ark., by 2d Kan, cav.

7. Battle of Prairie Grove, Ark., by lat Ark., 10th Hi., 1st. 6th, 7th, 8th, 14th Mo. (S. M.), 1st buttalion, 2d, 5d Wis, 1st Iowa, 2d, 6th, 9th Kan, cav.; 2d Ind. battery, A, 2d iii., E, F, L, 1st Mo. art.; Ist and 3d Kan, batteries; 26th Ind.,

37th, 94th Hi., 26th Wis., 19th, 20th Iowa, 1st and 3d Indian Home Guards. 16th, 11th and 13th Kan, inf. 7. Action at Hartsville, Tenn., by detach-ment of 7th and Co. E. 11th Kg., and 2d Ind. eav.; 13th Ind. battery; 106th, 106th

Ohio, and loath Ill, inf. 1863. 1. Action at Ripley, Miss., by 2d brigade cav. div., Army of the Tenn.

2. Action at Walker's, Ford Clinch River,
W. Va., by 5th Ind. and 14th fill. cav., 21st Ohio battery, 65th, Hith and Hith Ind.

3. Action at Salisbury, Tenn., by 2d betgade, cav. div., 16th corps. 4. Skirmish at Niobrera, Neb., by one company 7th Iowa cav.

4. Action at Moscow Station or Wolf River Bridge, Miss., by eav. div., 16th corps. 6. Action at Clinch Mountain, Tenn., by env., Army of the Ohio.

7. Skirmish at Natchez, Miss., by one company 4th Iowa cav. 7. Skirmish at Creelsboro', Ky., by 13th Kentucky cav. 7. Skirmish at Celina, Tenn., by 18th Ky. 1864.

Dec. 1. Skirmish twelve miles from Yazoo City, Miss., by detachment of the 2d 1-31. In the Trenches before Petersburg, Va., by Army of the Potomae.

1-4. Skirmish in front of Nashville, Tenn., by 4th corps, Army of the Cumberland, 28d corps, Army of the Ohio, 1st and 3d div., 16th corps, Army of the Team, and cav. 1. Skirmish at Millen Grove, Ga., by 5th

Ky, and 8th Ind, cav., of Sherman's army. 2. Skirmish at Rocky Creek Church, Ga., by 3d Ky, and 5th Ohio cav.; advance of Sherman's army. 2, 3 Skirmish at Block House, No. 2, Mill

Creek, Chattanooga, Tenn., by detach-ment of 115th Ohio vols., 14th and two companies 14th U.S. colored troops. 3. Skirmish at Thomas' Station, Ga., by 20d Ill. mounted inf.

4. Skirmish at Coosaw River, S. C., by 25th 4. Action at Block House, No. 7, Overall's

Creek, Tenn., by troops commanded by Gen. Milroy. 4. Action at Waynesboro' and Brier Creek. Tenn., by 3d env. div., Army Military Division of the Mississippi. 4. Skirmish at Statesboro', Ga.; foragers of

the 15th corps. 5-8. Action at Murfreesboro' or Cedars, Tenu., by troops commanded by Gen. Rous-8-9. Action at Deveaux Neek or Tillsfinney River, Mason's Bridge and Gregory's farm, S. C., by 25th, 32d, 34th and 102d J. S. colored troops, 58th and 55th Mass. C. T., 56th and E5th New York, and 23th

and 107th Ohio vols., and 3d Rhode Is-

land art : also a naval brigade. 6. Skirmish at White Post, Va., by fifty men of the 21st New York cav. 7. Skirmish at Ebenezer Creek, Cypress Swamp, Ga., by 9th Mich, and 9th Ohio cav.; rear guard of left wing of Sher-

man's army.

7-9. Engagement at Opecchee River or Jenk's Bridge, Eden Station and Poole's Station, Ga., by Eth and 17th corps, right wing of the Army of the Mississippi.

7-11. Weldon Railroad expedition, by 2d div. cav. corps, 5th corps, and 3d div. 2d corps, Army of the Fotomac.